NATIONAL COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

Vol. 16, No. 16

WEEKLY REPORT

Week Ending April 22, 1967

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

BUREAU OF DISEASE PREVENTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

# CURRENT TRENDS MEASLES - 1967

The total of 2,068 cases of measles reported for the 16th week (ending April 22) represents a change from the weekly incidence which has been prevalent for the past 8 weeks. Since the week ending February 25, from 2,500 to 2,700 cases have been reported weekly. This week's total, however, is a decline of 622 cases from the preceding week and represents a fourfold decrease from the incidence in the comparable week in 1966.

The decrease in the 16th week is accounted for by declines in eight of the nine geographic divisions, primarily in the South Atlantic, West South Central and Mountain

## CONTENTS

Current Trends Measles - 1967. Surveillance Summa Hepatitis - W Reported C. Epidemiologi Melioidos

states. The largest decrease defined exas where the 95 cases compared to 649 or the previous incidence v

A moderate increase, from 69 cases, was reported from Florid (Reported by the seases Unit, Epidemiology Program, NCDC.)

# CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

	16th WEE	K ENDED	MEDIAN	CUMULATIVE, FIRST 16 WEEKS			
DISEASE	APRIL 22, 1967	APRIL 23, 1966	MEDIAN 1962 - 1966	1967	1966	MEDIAN 1962 - 1966	
Aseptic meningitis	41	20	20	459	446	441	
Brucellosis	3	. 6	9	60	62	106	
Diphtheria	_	10	10	35	49	69	
Encephalitis, primary:					1		
Arthropod-borne & unspecified	26	31		379	398		
Encephalitis, post-infectious	20	25		243	271		
Hepatitis, serum	36	30	1	604	400	)	
Hepatitis, infectious	802	645	816	12,681	11,077	14,568	
Malaria	37	2	2	622	86	29	
Measles (rubeola)	2,068	8,515	17,460	36,702	117.898	195,705	
Meningococcal infections, total	58	99	67	951	1,629	1,048	
Civilian	57	92		878	1,424		
Military	1	7		73	205		
Poliomyelitis, total	1	-	1	4	7	22	
Paralytic	1	_	1	4	6	17	
Rubella (German measles)	1,965	1,792		19,090	22,680	- + -	
Streptococcal sore throat & scarlet fever	10,686	11,140	9,717	193,970	187,244	173,070	
Tetanus	4	6	5	49	34	55	
Tularemia	2	-	1	41	50	61	
Typhoid fever	8	7	7	101	81	102	
Typhus, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. spotted fever).	Acres .		1	9	10	7	
Rabies in animals	112	113	113	1.413	1 404	1 363	

#### NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax Botulism	1	Rabies in man Rubella, Congenital Syndrome	
Leptospirosis: Calif1	10		26
Psittacosis: Tenn1 · · · · ·	11	Typius, illuttie	<u> </u>

# SURVEILLANCE SUMMARY HEPATITIS — Winter Quarter Epidemiologic Year 1966-67\*

During the winter quarter (January 1 - April 1, 1967) of the current epidemiologic year, 10,875 cases of viral hepatitis were reported in the United States. This represents a rate of 5.5 cases per 100,000 population. Tables 1 and 2 show the number of cases and rates, respectively, for this quarter in relation to those observed during the last 10 epidemiologic years.

Figure 1 presents the number of reported cases per 100,000 population by 4-week periods from July 1952 through April 1, 1967. Following the peak year (1953-54) of the first epidemic cycle, there was a downward trend to a low point during 1957-58, 4 years after the peak. During the subsequent year (1958-59), a distinct upswing of the curve was noted during the early part of 1959. Similarly, following the peak year (1960-61) of the second epidemic cycle, a low point appears to have been reached during the

year 1965-66, 5 years after the peak. There now appears to be another upswing during the first 3 months of 1967.

Following the peak winter quarter incidence in 1960-61 (12.6), as shown in Table 2, successive winter quarters through 1965-66 reflect a continuing decline in rates. This downward trend was reversed during the winter quarter of the current epidemiologic year. In that quarter a rate of 5.5 was observed, compared with 4.8 during the winter quarter of the preceeding year (1965-66). A similar reversal in successive winter quarterly rates occurred in 1958-59, 2 years before the peak year (1960-61) of the second epidemic cycle.

(Reported by the Hepatitis Unit, Epidemiology Program, NCDC.)

\*Hepatitis morbidity data are summarized in terms of an "Epidemiologic year," which runs from the 27th week of each year through the 26th week of the succeeding year.

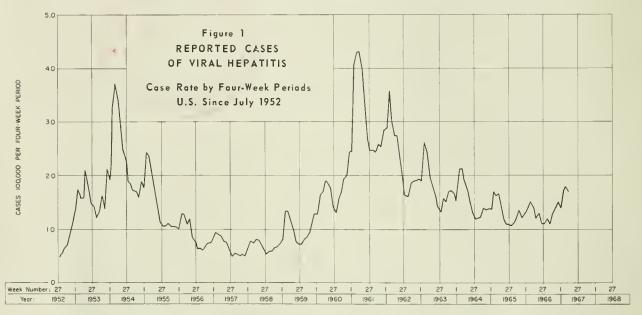


Table 1
Number of Reported Cases of Viral Hepatitis Per Quarter
(Values include revised and delayed weekly reports
through current week)

		*			
Epidemi- ologic Year	Summer Quarter	Fall Quarter	Winter Quarter	Spring Quarter	Total Year
1956-57	3,469	4,115	5,019	3,938	16,541
1957-58	2,925	2,782	4,414	3,876	13,997
1958-59	3,262	4,243*	7,088	4,864	19,457
1959-60	4,630	6,434	9,793	9,917	30,774
1960-61	8,940	12,403	23,026	19,898	64,267
1961-62	14,229	15,637	18,028	13,626	61,520
1962-63	10,273	11,383	13,805	9,861	45,322
1963-64	8,969	10,256	12,118	9,330	40,673
1964-65	7,590	9,350*	10,311	7,876	35,127
1965-66	7,361	8,100	9,208	7,744	32,413
1966-67	7,298	9,150	10,875		

Table 2
Reparted Cases of Viral Hepatitis
Per 100,000 Papulation Per Quarter

(Population as of January 1, middle of epidemiologic year)

Epidemi- ologic Year	Summer Quarter	Fall Quarter	Winter Quarter	Spring Quarter	Total Year
1956-57	2.1	2.4	2.9	2.3 .	9.7
1957-58	1.7	1.6	2.5	2.2	8.0
1958-59	1.9	2.3	4.0	2.7	10.9
1959-60	2.6	3.6	5.4	5.5	17.1
1960-61	5.0	6.9	12.6	10.9	35.4
1961-62	7.8	8.5	9.7	7.3	33.3
1962-63	5.5	6.1	7.3	5.2	24.1
1963-64	4.8	5.4	6.3	4.9	21.4
1964-65	4.0	4.5	5.3	4.1	17.9
1965-66	3.8	4.2	4.8	4.1	16.9
1966-67	3.7	4.6	5.5		

<sup>\*14-</sup>week periods

# EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS MELIOIDOSIS

Melioidosis is n rare, often severe, pneumonic and systemic disense frequently accompanied by cutaneous mid visceral pyogenic lesions. As of February 1967, 35 cases with 8 deaths have occurred among the United States troops stationed in Viet Nam. As a result of military personnel movements to and from Viet Nam and the variable incubation period of this disease, it is quite possible that one or more cases may come to the attention of civilian health authorities in the United States.

The etiologic agent, Pseudomonas pseudomallei, was first isolated by Whitmore and Krishnaswami in 1910 from autopsy lesions in a group of Rangoon beggars who had died from a glanders-like illness. The organism is a gramnegative, aerobic, filamentous rod which often demonstrates bipolar staining with Wright's stain. It will grow quite well on trypticase soy, blood, or MacConkey's agar at 37°C; characteristically, the colonies demonstrate wrinkling after incubating 48 hours.

The epidemiology in man is poorly understood. The organism is said to be endemic in the rodent population of Southeast Asia, and has been found in the damp soil, in well and surface water, and on market fruit and vege-

West Virginia..... North Carolina....

South Carolina.....

Florida....

Georgia.....

41

76

76

171

236

249

232

tables of that area. It is a highly communicable disease of mules, donkeys, and rodents. Up to 15 percent of normal individuals in endemic areas mny have positive serologic reactions to the organism, but the clinical disease is unusual in man. Outbreaks have been reported among sheep, goats, and swine. Several modes of transmission to man linve been postulated: by inoculation of the organism into inapparent cutaneous lesions; by droplet spread to the respiratory tract, and by ingestion of contaminated food or water. Man-to-man transmission has not been demonstrated.

The clinical manifestations of the illness are highly variable. Most commonly it appears as an acute pneumonitis accompanied by malaise, high fever, chills, cough, occasional hemoptysis, chest pain, leukocytosis and a normochromic, normocytic anemia. There may be a necrotic cutaneous ulcer or pustule at the inoculation site with regional lymphadenopathy and lymphangitis. The clinical course is frequently complicated by septicemia with resultant metastatic abscesses in all the viscera and the appearance of meningitis, myocarditis, hepatomegaly, (Continued on back page)

#### SUMMARY OF REPORTED CASES OF INFECTIOUS SYPHILIS

CASES OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS: By Reporting Areas March 1967 and March 1966 - Provisional Data

Reporting Area	Mar	ch	Cumu l Jan	ative - Mar	Reporting Area	Мат	rch		lative - Mar
	1967	1966	1967	1966		1967	1966	1967	1966
NEW ENGLAND	33	43	102	140	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	150	199	472	568
Maine	-	1	-	2	Kentucky	14	13	30	37
New Hampshire	1	1	4	4	Tennessee	17	28	59	75
Vermont	-	1	2	1	Alabama	77	108	269	293
Massachusetts	23	31	63	96	Mississippi	42	50	114	163
Rhode Island	2	1	6	5					
Connecticut	7	8	27	32	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	234	222	739	6 5 8
					Arkansas	15	19	37	53
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	325	432	894	1,123	Louisiana	55	79	152	171
Upstate New York	30	47	68	109	Oklahoma	5	10	29	40
New York City	204	280	532	721	Texas	159	114	521	394
Pa. (Excl. Phila.)	20	21	74	62					
Philadelphia	23	24	67	67	MOUNTAIN	56	28	159	95
New Jersey	48	60	153	164	Montana	-	5	1	9
					Idaho	5	-	12	-
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	305	246	769	737	Wyoming	2	- 1	2	-
Ohio	57	50	156	139	Colorado	8	4	20	13
lndiana		4	29	18	New Mexico	12	6	44	22
Downstate Illinois	15	16	37	54	Arizona	24	10	75	45
Chicago	92	104	226	259	Utah	1	2	1	4
Michigan	122	70	314	240	Nevada	4	1	4	2
Wisconsin	2	2	7	27					
					PACIFIC	179	123	476	492
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	15	31	58	127	Washington	6	7 ]	17	15
Minnesota	3	2	10	6	Oregon	7	6	14	11
Iowa	2	7	6	20	California	165	105	440	457
Míssouri	3	14	17	60	Alaska	-	-	1	2
North Dakota	-	-	-	4	Hawaii	1	5	4	7
South Dakota	4	3	11	16					
Nebraska	3	3	9	9	u. s. TOTAL	1,817	1,837	5,207	5,498
Kansas	-	2	5	12	TERRITORIES.	90	83	212	245
						85	82	202	243
SOUTH ATLANTIC		513	1,538	1,558	Puerto Rico	5	02	10	241
Delaware		3	11	6	Virgin Islands	3	1	10	4
Maryland	52	55	165	135					
District of Columbia	61	43	164	108					
Virginia	24	30	7.5	7.5					

Note: Cumulative Totals include revised and delayed reports through previous months.

# CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES

# FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 22, 1967 AND APRIL 23, 1966 (16th WEEK)

			Ť		E	NCEPHALIT	IS		HEPA	TITIS	
	ACE	מתות				mary					
AREA	ASEI	NGITIS	BRUCELLOSIS	DIPHTHERIA		uding	Post-	Se	rum	Infec	tious
AILLA	TIDIATI	101113			unsp.	cases	Infectious				
	1967	1966	1967	1967	1967	1966	1967	1967	1966	1967	1966
UNITED STATES	41	20	3	-	26	31	20	36	30	802	645
UNITED STATES	71	20				3.	20	, ,		002	045
NEW ENGLAND	-	1	-	-	3	2	-	3	1	34	36
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
Vermont	-		_		1	2	_	-	1	1 13	27
Massachusetts Rhode Island	_	1			1	_		2		2	21
Connecticut	_		-	-	ī	_	-	1	_	15	4
		ł									
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	4	2	-	-	6	10	-	16	14	133	85
New York City	-	2	-	-	3	1	-	13	11	35	8
New York, Up-State.	1 3	-	-		2	4 5	-	- 2	2	31 28	31 19
New Jersey Pennsylvania	-				1	_	_	1	1	39	27
remisylvania					•			*		]	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	7	3	-	-	6	5	3	-	4	140	92
Ohio	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	2	28	30
Indiana	4	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	17	11
Illinois	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	50	4
Michigan	- 1	3	-	-	1 -	1 -	-	-	2	35	41
Wisconsin	1	•	_	-		•	_	-	-	10	6
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	-	-	1	-	_	_	1	-	_	48	40
Minnesota	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	7	1
Iowa	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Missouri	-	-	-	- [	-	·	-	-	-	31	28
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
South Dakota Nebraska		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	2	- 1
Kansas	_	_			_	_	_		_	3	3
			1								
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	2	1	_	1 .	5	3	2	1	83	90
Delaware	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	. 3	-
Maryland	2	-	-	-	-	-	~	2	-	17	31
Dist. of Columbia Virginia	-	-	1	-		- 1	-	-	-	25	- 8
West Virginia			-	_		1	_	-	1	10	8
North Carolina	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	-	_	10	11
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	16
Florida	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	7	15
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	6	_	1		2	1	3		}	6 5	0.7
Kentucky	2		_ 1	-	2	1	-	-	-	65 26	82 35
Tennessee	3	_	1	-	2	1	3	_	-	17	17
Alabama	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	20
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
LIECT COUTU CENTRAL	,									1.5-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL Arkansas	1	3	-	-	4	2 2	2	1	-	102	58
Louisiana	_	-	_	-	4	- -	-	1	_	7 6	9 10
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	1
Texas	1	3	-	-	- ]	- 1	2	-	-	77	38
140111111111111111111111111111111111111											
MOUNTAIN	-	-	_ [	_	1 1	2	1 -	-	-	27	17 3
Idaho	-	_		_	-					1	2
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	6
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	7	3
Utah	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Nevada	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
PACIFIC	21	9	-	-	3	4	7	14	10	170	145
Washington	2	-	-	-	-	-	í	-	-	16	13
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	17	17
California	19	9	-	-	3	3	4	13	10	135	110
Alaska	-			-		-	-	-	-	2	1 4
				-		_		-	-	-	4
Puerto Rico	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	19	29

# CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES

#### FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 22, 1967 AND APRIL 23, 1966 (16th WEEK) - CONTINUED

	MALARIA	MEASI	LES (Rubeo	la)	MENINGO	COCCAL INF	ECTIONS,		POL1OMYELIT		RUBELLA
AREA			Cumula	tive		Cumula	tive	Total	Paral	-	
	1967	1967	1967	1966	1967	1967	1966	1967	1967	Cum. 1967	1967
UNITED STATES	37	2,068	36,702	117,898	58	951	1,629	1	1	4	1,965
						_					
NEW ENGLAND	-	16	421 88	1,403 157	5	37 2	73 7	-	-	-	142 16
Maine New Hampshire	_	1	69	26	_	í	7	_	_	_	-
Vermont	-	-	34	2041	-	-	3	-	-	-	19
Massachusetts	-	9 -	159 27	538	3 ~	17	30 5	-	-	-	38
Rhode Island Connecticut		2	44	417	2	1 16	21	-	-	_	67
	_		2 01 0	10.000	_						
MIDDLE ATLANTIC New York City	7	77 20	1,210 200	13,880 6,948	7 1	139 21	175 25	1 -	1 -	2 1	74 29
New York, Up-State.	1	22	286	1,565	1	34	48	-	_	_	44
New Jersey	2	9	288	1,450	1	56	51	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	3	26	436	3,917	4	28	51	1	1	1	1
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1	173	2,908	44,080	11	102	244	-	-	-	409
Ohio	-	23	490	3,750	3	40	67	-	-	-	31
IndianaIllinois	- 1	29 45	341 461	2,773 8,804	1 2	14 19	37 47	_		_	28 122
Michigan	-	28	607	7,188	4	21	68	-	_	-	101
Wisconsin	-	48	1,009	21,565	1	8	25	-	-	-	127
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	111	1,670	5,505	2	40	87	_	_	_	70
Minnesota	1	16	84	1,337	1	9	22	-	-	-	4
Iowa	-	21	388	3,005	-	9	13	-	-	-	60
Missouri North Dakota	-	6 41	117 626	37 1 745	_	9	33 3	-	_	_	3 1
South Dakota	-	3	42	3	_	5	3	_		-	
Nebraska	-	24	413	44	-	6	6	-	-	-	2
Kansas	-	NN	NN	NN	1	2	7	-	-	-	- 1
SOUTH ATLANTIC	18	381	4,285	9,082	14	186	261	-	-	1	138
Delaware	-	-	27	120	-	5	3	-	-	-	6
Maryland Dist. of Columbia	2	7	75 11	1,375 307	3	23 3	25 6		-	1 -	12
Virginia	-	127	1,346	956	2	15	36	-	-	-	53
West Virginia	-	54	748	3,485	1	16	9	-	-	-	5
North Carolina South Carolina	15	43 25	728 278	150 426	4	38 15	53 36	-	-	-	1
Georgia	1	-	278	177	3	33	41	_	_	_	-
Florida	-	125	1,049	2,086	-	38	52	-	-	-	61
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	_	115	3,753	13,296	3	91	140	_	_	_	301
Kentucky	-	11	1,026	3,902	1	26	62	_	_	_	256
Tennessee	-	47	1,263	7,511	1	39	41	-	-	-	40
Alabama	-	40 17	883 581	1,229	1	16 10	28 9	-	-	-	5
					-	10					
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	416	12,487	13,790	4	150	246	-	-	1	29
Arkansas Louisiana	-	11 3	1,323 85	425 68	4	16 59	13 94	-	_	-	-
Oklahoma	-	7	2,562	312		8	10	-	-	-	-
Texas	-	395	8,517	12,985	-	67	129	-	-	1	29
MOUNTAIN	2	193	2,713	6,548	_	19	56	-	-	_	126
Montana	-	1	184	990	-	-	3	-	-	-	7
Idaho	-	20	295	655	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Wyoming Colorado	2	6 81	20 703	89 680	-	10	1 32	-			59
New Mexico	-	21	414	465	~	3	9	-	-	-	-
Arizona Utah	-	49	628	3,452	-	2	8	-	-	-	59
Nevada	-	10	234 235	193 24	-	1 2	2	-		-	1 -
DACTETC	_										
PACIFIC	8 -	586 242	7,255 3,516	10,314	12 2	187 20	347 21	-	_	_	676 126
Oregon	-	98	916	795	1	14	20	-	-	-	102
California	8	230	2,650	7,539	8	144	289	-	-	-	402
Alaska Hawaii	-	9 7	96 77	58 70	1	8 1	14	-	-	-	33 13
		44				7		-	-	-	-
Puerto Rico	-	44	1,249	1,485	-	7	2		-	-	

# Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

# CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 22, 1967 AND APRIL 23, 1966 (16th WEEK) - CONTINUED

AREA	STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT & SCARLET FEVER	TETA	ANUS	TULA	REMIA	TYPE	HOID	TICK-	S FEVER BORNE Spotted)	RABII ANII	ES IN MALS
ARLA	1967	1967	Cum. 1967	1967	Cum. 1967	1967	Cum. 1967	1967	Cum. 1967	1967	Cum. 1967
UNITED STATES	10,686	4	49	2	41	8	101	-	9	112	1,413
NEW ENGLAND	1,912	_	-	_	_	-	~	-	-	3	38
Maine	87	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
New Hampshire	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	25
Vermont	57 286	_	_	-	_	-	_	_		-	6
Massachusetts Rhode 1sland	97	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Connecticut	1,371	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	632	-	5	-	-	-	12	_	-	2	28
New York City	17	-	3	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
New York, Up-State.	530	-	1 -	-		-	3	_	-	2	20
New Jersey Pennsylvania	NN 85	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	8
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	937	-	2	-	5	2	9	_	1	13	112
Ohio	131	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	5	50
Indiana	195	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	20
Illinois	183	-	2	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	18
Michigan	243 185	-	_	_		2 ~	4	-	-	2 6	4 20
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	497	_	1	1	9	_	2	_	_	30	302
Minnesota	16	_	1	_	_	-	-	_	_	2	62
Iowa	197	-	- :	-	1	-	2	-	-	5	31
Missouri	6	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	6	70
North Dakota	170 20	-		-	_	-	-	_	-	5	54
South Dakota Nebraska	52	-			_	_	_	_		6 2	39 20
Kansas	36	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	4	26
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1,108	-	11	-	5	1	10	_	4	11	194
Delaware	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
Maryland	163	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dist. of Columbia Virginia	1 335	_	3	-	_	-	2	_	-	7	103
West Virginia	296	_	_	-	1	-	1	_	-	3	34
North Carolina	52	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	1
South Carolina	14	-	- :	-	2	-		-		-	
Georgia Florida	17 206	-	1 4	-	2 -	1	1 4	-	1 -	1	33 23
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,273	2	12	~	5	2	12	_	1	15	349
Kentucky	335	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	_	4	65
Tennessee	802	-	6	-	3	2	4	-	1	9	257
Alabama	118 18	1 1	4 2	-	-	-	4	-	-	2	25
					1	-	-	-	-	-	2
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	843	1	10	1	11	-	16	-	1	19	258
Louisiana	- 2	1	3	_	1 2	-	3 11		-	4	41 28
Oklahoma	144	-		1	5	_	•	_	1	5	58
Texas	697	-	6	-	3	-	2	-	-	9	131
MOUNTAIN	1,775	-	-	-	5	-	14	-	-	9	39
Montana	78		-	-	1	-	1	-	- !	-	-
Idaho	80 42	_	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Colorado		-	-	-	1	-	11	_	_	2	5
New Mexico	142	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8
Arizona	211	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	26
Utah Nevada	111 2	-	-	-	3 -	-	-	-	-	-	-
PACIFIC	1,709	1	8	_	1	3	26	_	2	10	93
Washington	330	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
California Alaska	1,139 38	-	6 .	-	1 -	3	24	-	2	10	92
Hawaii	119	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	- :	-
Puerto Rico	9	-	3	-	-	-	4	-		1	13

Week No.

# DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED APRIL 22, 1967

16

(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

	(								
	All Ca	uses	Pneumonia	Under		All Ca	uses	Pneumonia	Under
Area	411	65	and	l year	Area	A 1 1	( -	and	1 year
Atva	All	65 years	Influenza	A11	Alea	All Agos	65 years	Influenza	A11
	Ages	and over	All Ages	Causes		Ages	and over	All Ages	Causes
		-							
NEW ENGLAND:	750	453	41	36	SOUTH ATLANTIC:	1,294	692	58	73
Boston, Mass	250	138	12	16	Atlanta, Ca	126	55	4	11
Bridgeport, Conn	27	20	6	1	Baltimore, Md	293	137	7	23
Cambridge, Mass	28	17	_	1	Charlotte, N. C	54	26		1
Fall River, Mass	34	20	2	1	Jacksonville, Fla	69	33	4	2
Hartford, Conn	55	36	2	2	Miami, Fla	101	62	2	4
Lowell, Mass	20	12	3	1	Norfolk, Va	72	35	7	4
Lynn, Mass	22	18	3	1	Richmond, Va	90	56	3	2
New Bedford, Mass	28	20	1	1	Savannah, Ca	40	24	3	2
New Haven, Conn	44	29		4	St. Petersburg, Fla	105	89	9	1
Providence, R. I	63	30	3	1	Tampa, Fla	99	61	11	3
Somerville, Mass	20	14	3	3	Washington, D. C	204	94	7	18
Springfield, Mass	63	37	3	1	Wilmington, Del	41	20	ĺ	2
Waterbury, Conn	27	16		1	William Geom, Bell	7.	20	_ ^	-1
Worcester, Mass	69	46	3	3	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:	629	329	41	34
norecater, mass.	0,	70	]		Birmingham, Ala	93	48	3	4
MIDDLE ATLANTIC:	2 261	1 063	126	172	Chattanooga, Tenn	68	30	7	4
	3,361	1,963					27		
Albany, N. Y Allentown, Pa	44 39	26 22	2 -	2	Knoxville, Tenn Louisville, Ky	43 119	60	13	1 14
Buffalo, N. Y	128	67	5	10	Memphis, Tenn	114	62	6	3
Camden, N. J	41	26	2	2	Mobile, Ala	48	26	1	1
*	44	27	1	3		36	18	4	1
Elizabeth, N. J	33	24	2	-	Montgomery, Ala	108	58	3	6
Erie, Pa	70	42	2	1	Nashville, Tenn	100	70		0
Jersey City, N. J	91	36	9	15	WEST SOUTH CENTERAL	1,054	525	32	76
Newark, N. J	1,636	961	64	76	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL: Austin, Tex	32	18	32	2
New York City, N. Y				2		36	17	_	1
Paterson, N. J	25	19 332	2	30	Baton Rouge, La		11	_	4
Philadelphia, Pa	595		15		Corpus Christi, Tex	30			19
Pittsburgh, Pa	225	126	5	14	Dallas, Tex	154	71	4	
Reading, Pa	52	29	-	3	El Paso, Tex	56	32	3 3	5
Rochester, N. Y	87	57	5		Fort Worth, Tex	67	40	6	8 12
Schenectady, N. Y.*	27	16	1	1	Houston, Tex	161	67	1	
Scranton, Pa	46	36	2	-	Little Rock, Ark	51	29	1	1 4
Syracuse, N. Y	43	22	1	3	New Orleans, La	164	77	7	
Trenton, N. J	62	39	2	2	Oklahoma City, Okla	72	40	1	4
Utica, N. Y	32	25	3	2	San Antonio, Tex	100	53	1	7
Yonkers, N. Y	41	31	3	1	Shreveport, La	51	25	1	4
	0.440				Tulsa, Okla	80	45	5	5
EAST NORTH CENTRAL:	2,640	1,546	77	122					
Akron, Ohio	72	45	-	3	MOUNTAIN:	421	228	17	27
Canton, Ohio	34	24	5	2	Albuquerque, N. Mex	44	19	2	4
Chicago, Ill	774	440	24	39	Colorado Springs, Colo.	21	12	3	2
Cincinnati, Ohio	169	106	4	6	Denver, Colo	112	63	4	3
Cleveland, Ohio	210	118	3	14	Ogden, Utah	11	4		,-
Columbus, Ohio	127	72	2	5	Phoenix, Ariz	110	56	6	11
Dayten, Ohio	87	50	5	5	Pueblo, Colo	26	17	1	3
Detroit, Mich	334	193	6	14	Salt Lake City, Utah	37	18	-	2
Evansville, Ind	35	27	3	3	Tucson, Ariz	60	39	1	2
Flint, Mich	57	25	2	1					
Fort Wayne, Ind	44	29	3	- 1	PACIFIC:	1,595	943	41	70
Gary, Ind	47	28	3	1	Berkeley, Calif	22	14	-	1
Grand Rapids, Mich	54	29	4	1	Fresno, Calif	49	23	-	2
Indianapolis, Ind	166	93	5	10	Clendale, Calif	34	23	1	2.
Madison, Wis	30	16	-	2	Honolulu, Hawaii	50	26		2
Milwaukee, Wis	139	84	4	7	Long Beach, Calif	81	54	1	4
Peoria, Ill	28	15	-	1	Los Angeles, Calif	488	279	19	16
Rockford, Ill	24	17	-	1	Oakland, Calif	99	65	2	2
South Bend, Ind	38	22		1	Pasadena, Calif	37	30	T .	-
Toledo, Ohio	103	67	3	3	Portland, Oreg	114	66	4	11
Youngstown, Ohio	68	46	1	3	Sacramento, Calif	56	29	1	7
					San Diego, Calif	76	46	1	-
WEST NORTH CENTRAL:	864	529	25	33	San Francisco, Calif	202	116	7	11
Des Moines, Iowa	50	32	1	1	San Jose, Calif	24	13	1	-
Duluth, Minn	29	21	-	-	Seattle, Wash	162	91	3	8
Kansas City, Kans	35	23	1	2	Spokane, Wash	54	38	-	2
Kansas City, Mo	129	82	2	5	Tacoma, Wash	47	30	1	2 :
Lincoln, Nebr	26	19	1	-			<u> </u>	1	
Minneapolis, Minn	116	71	3	7	Total	12,608	7,208	458	643
Omaha, Nebr	56	36	1	4					-
St. Louis, Mo	290	162	10	9	Cu	mulative To	tals		
St. Paul, Minn	70	50	2	1	including report			revious we	eks
Wichita, Kans	63	33	4	4					
,					All Causes, All Ages			207,3	
					All Causes, Age 65 and	over			
					Pneumonia and Influenza	. All Ages-			
*Estimate - based on a	Jerage pero	ent of di-	visional to	tal.	All Causes, Under 1 Yea	r of Age			
*Estimate - based on a	verage perc	ent of div	visional to	tal.	All Causes, Under I Yea	or Age		10,4	



## MELIOIDOSIS (Continued from page 127)

spenomegaly, arthritis, or osteomyelitis. The course may be fulminant with a sudden onset, a rapidly developing septicemia and, or pneumonia with a marked cholera-like gastrointestinal syndrome ending in early death. Localized disease may occur without pneumonitis, such as osteomyelitis, hepatic abscess, and cellulitis. Occasionally. the illness may be manifested as an asymptomatic upper lobe chronic pneumonia, with or without cavitation, which clinically mimics tuberculosis. Latent infection occurs in which clinical illness does not become apparent until several months or several years after the patient has left the endemic area. One man with such a picture developed cavitary pulmonary lesions 5 years after leaving Southeast Asia. Inapparent infection is much more common than clinical illness. One study reported that 8.3 percent of Thai military personnel had diagnostically elevated complement fixation antibody titers to Ps. pseudomallei.

The clinical disease had a mortality of 80 to 95 percent in the pre-antibiotic era. Presently, mortality ranges from 25 to 40 percent. Death can occur within 72 hours from time of onset of symptoms in the acute septicemic form of the illness; more commonly, it follows a 3- to 4-week period of progressive clinical deterioration.

Diagnosis is confirmed by isolation of the Ps. pseudomallei from an abscess or draining sinus tract. sputum. blood, urine, cerebral spinal fluid, or visceral biopsy material. Serological responses in patients are variable. However, a rising titer demonstrated by agglutination or complement-fixation tests is helpful in the diagnosis.

The organism is relatively resistant to antibiotics. In general, it has been found to be moderately but variably sensitive to tetracycline and sulfadiazine, chloramphenicol, kanamycin, novobiocin, and resistant to colymycin, streptomycin, cephalosporin, and ampicillin. Drug resistance has developed during therapy in some patients. The Armed Forces have treated severely ill individuals with a combination of drugs with doses as large as chloramphenicol - 12 gm. per day, kanamycin - 4 gm. per day, and novobiocin - 6 gm. per day. Sensitivity studies are important in the selection of the appropriate antibiotics. Combination therapy should be initiated as soon as the diagnosis is suspected and modified according to the results of tube dilution studies of antibiotic sensitivity. Therapy should be maintained for a minimum of 4 weeks. (Reported by the Preventive Medicine Division, Office of the Surgeon General, Department of the Army; and the Hospital Infections Unit, Bacterial Diseases Section, Epidemiology Program, NCDC.)

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30333

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